

## Z'-LYTE® Assay Setup Guide on the BMG LABTECH OPTIMA Microplate Reader

NOTE: The BMG LABTECH OPTIMA Microplate Reader was tested for compatibility with Invitrogen's Z'-LYTE® Assay using the Z'-LYTE® Tyr6 kit (PV4122) against JAK2 JH1/JH2 and JAK2 JH1/JH2 V617F kinases. The following document is intended to demonstrate setup of this instrument and provide representative data. For more detailed information and technical support of Invitrogen assays please call 1-800-955-6288, select option "3", then extension 40266. For more detailed information and technical support of BMG LABTECH instruments or software, please contact BMG LABTECH at 1-877-264-5227 or [www.bmglabtech.com](http://www.bmglabtech.com).

### A. Recommended Optics

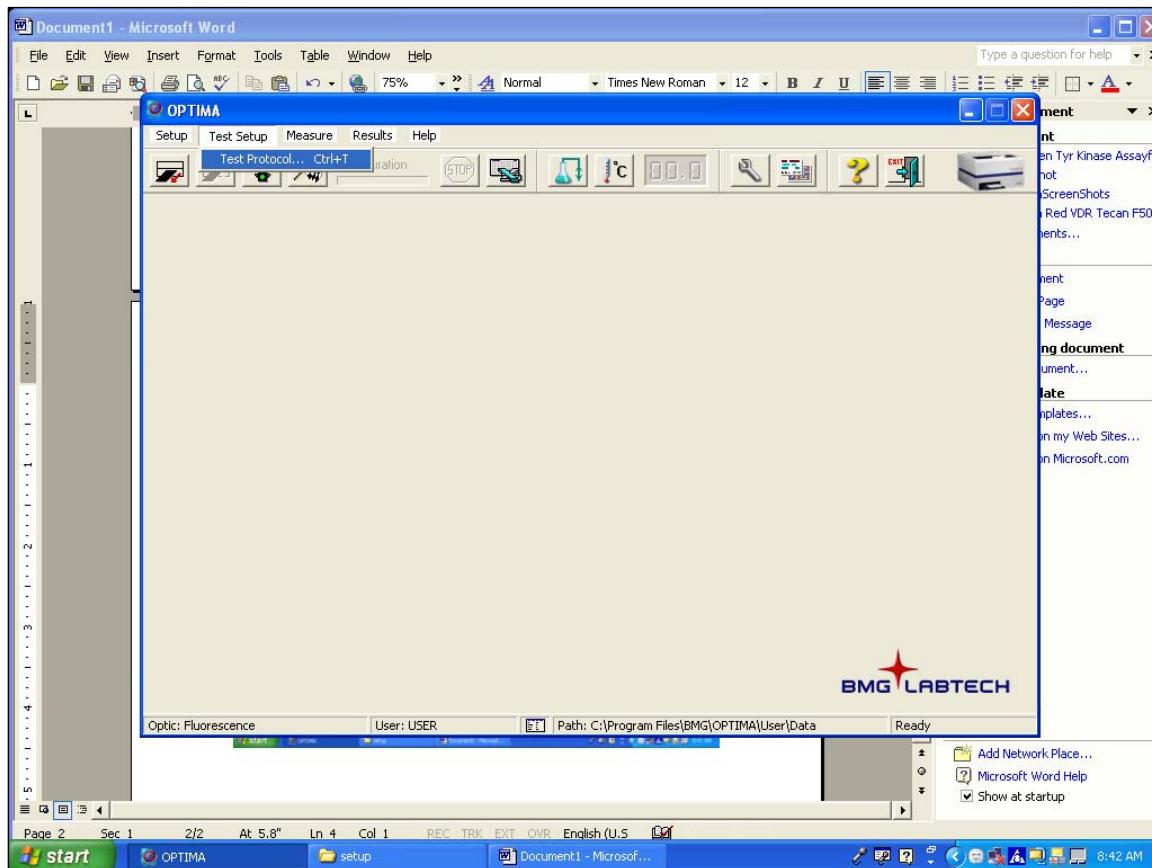
	wavelength (nm)	BMG LABTECH Filters
Excitation	400 (or similar)	*contact BMG LABTECH
Emission 1	440 (or similar)	*contact BMG LABTECH
Emission 2	520 (or similar)	*contact BMG LABTECH

### B. Instrument Setup

1. Make certain plate reader is turned on, and open up OPTIMA Control software on computer. Insert plate into plate reader.

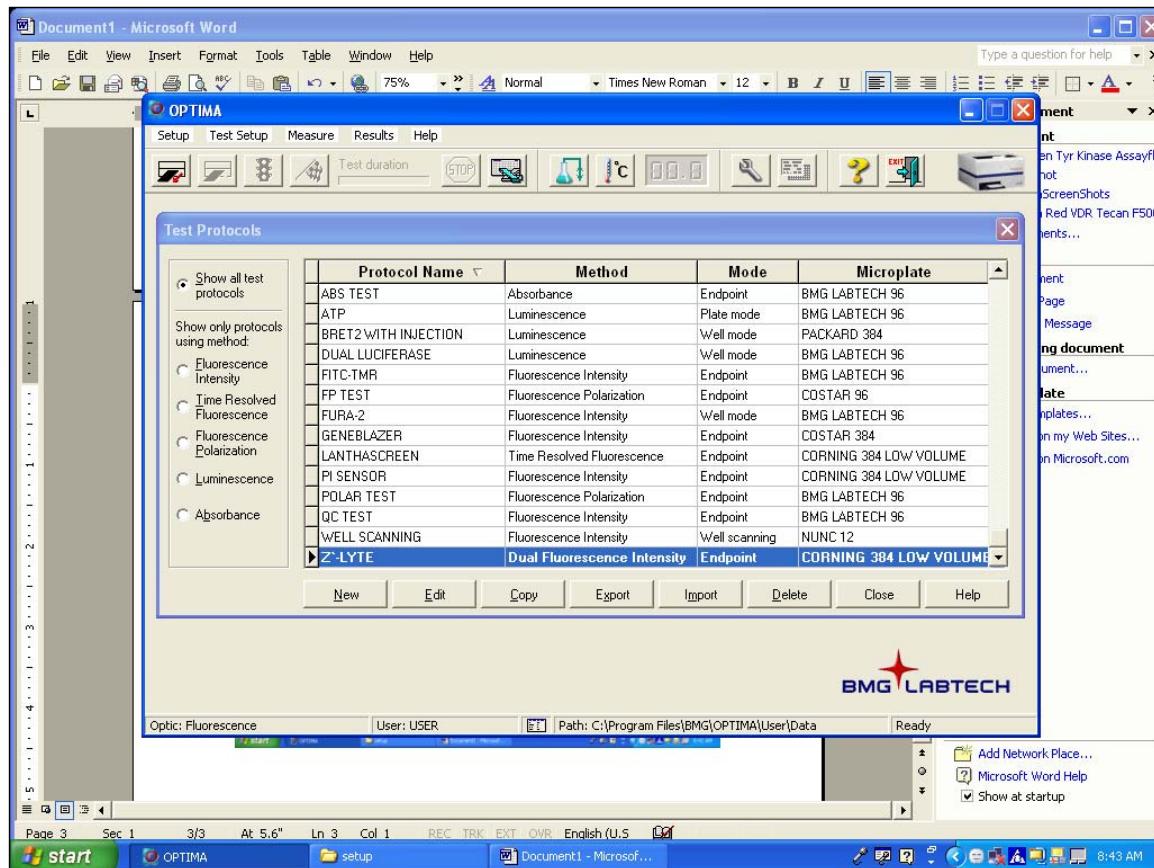
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- When OPTIMA Control software opens, if you do not have a pre-existing protocol for Z'-LYTE®, select "Test Protocol" from the Test Setup menu bar at the top of the window.



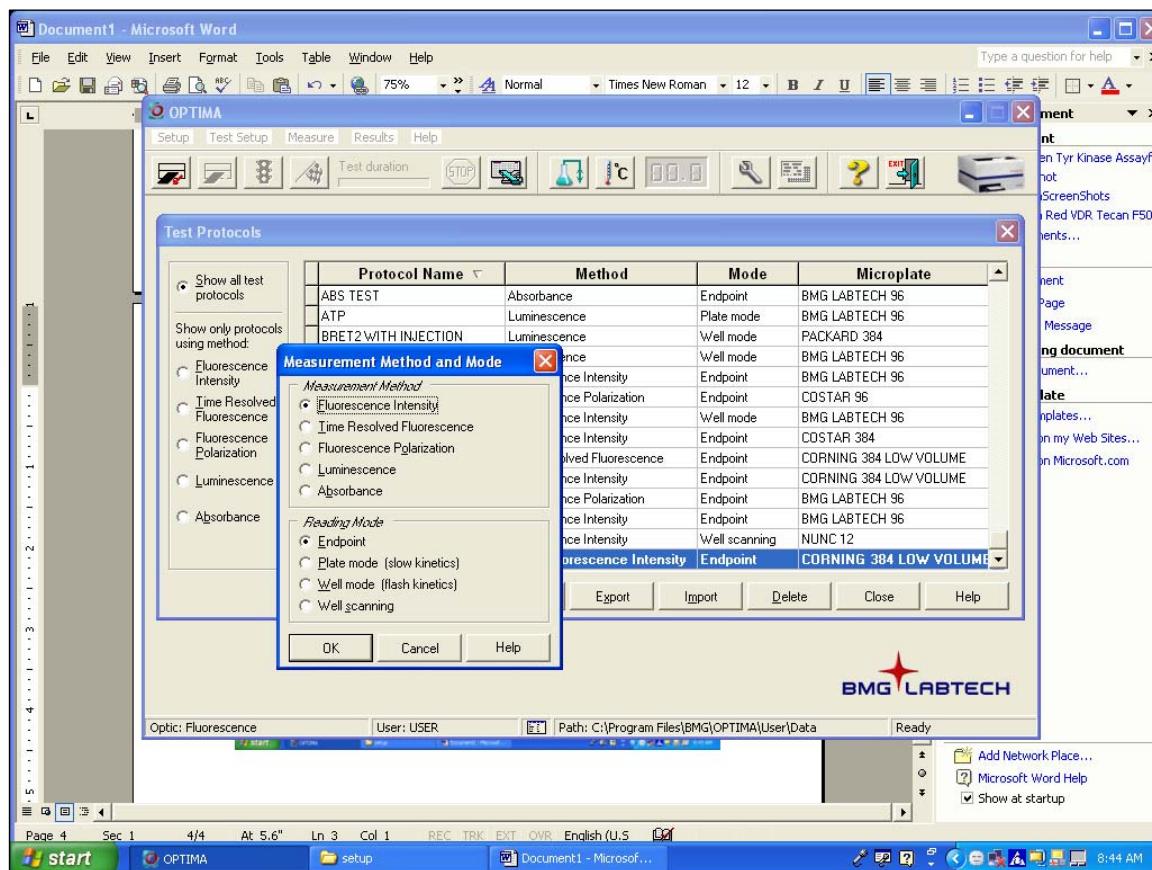
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3. At this point, a new screen will open (below). Click on the “Show all test protocols” button on the left side of the screen, then select “New” from the tabs at the bottom.



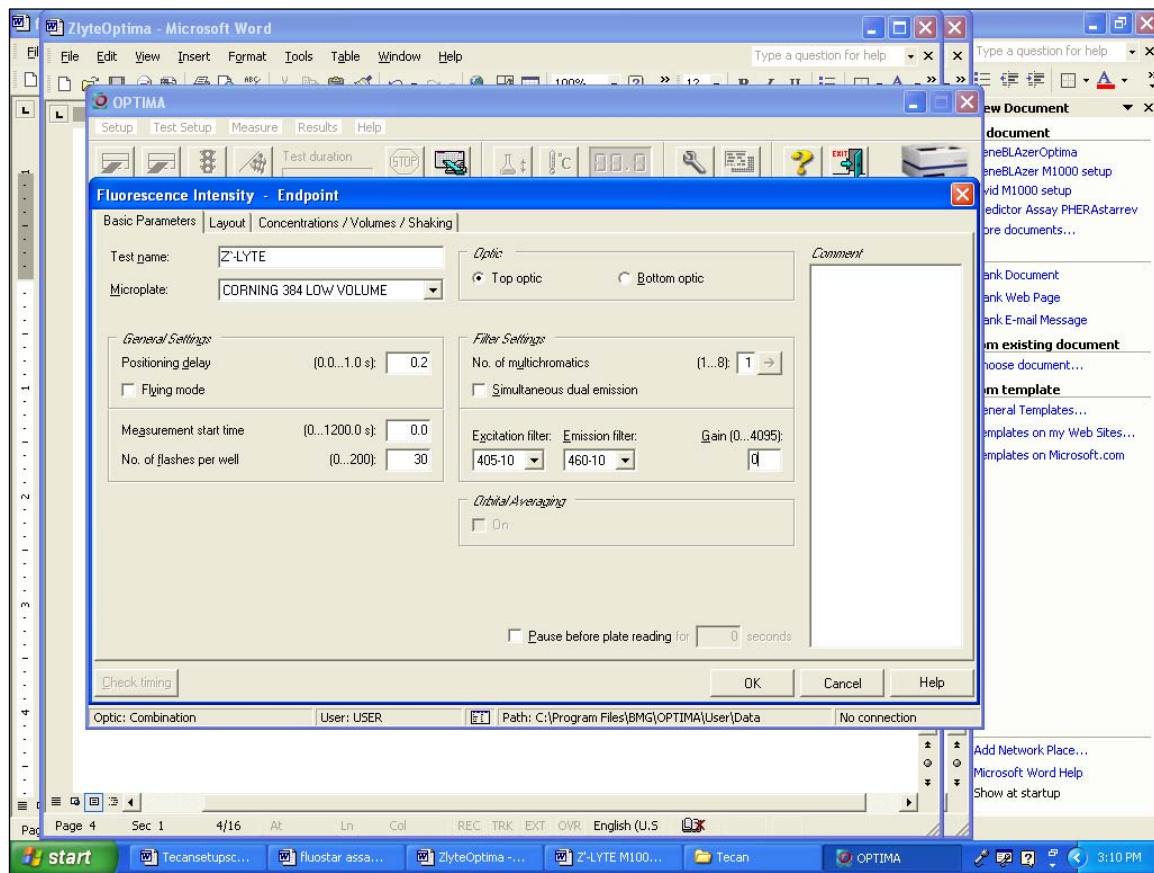
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4. A new window will pop up. Select “Fluorescence Intensity” and “Endpoint” and then select “OK”.



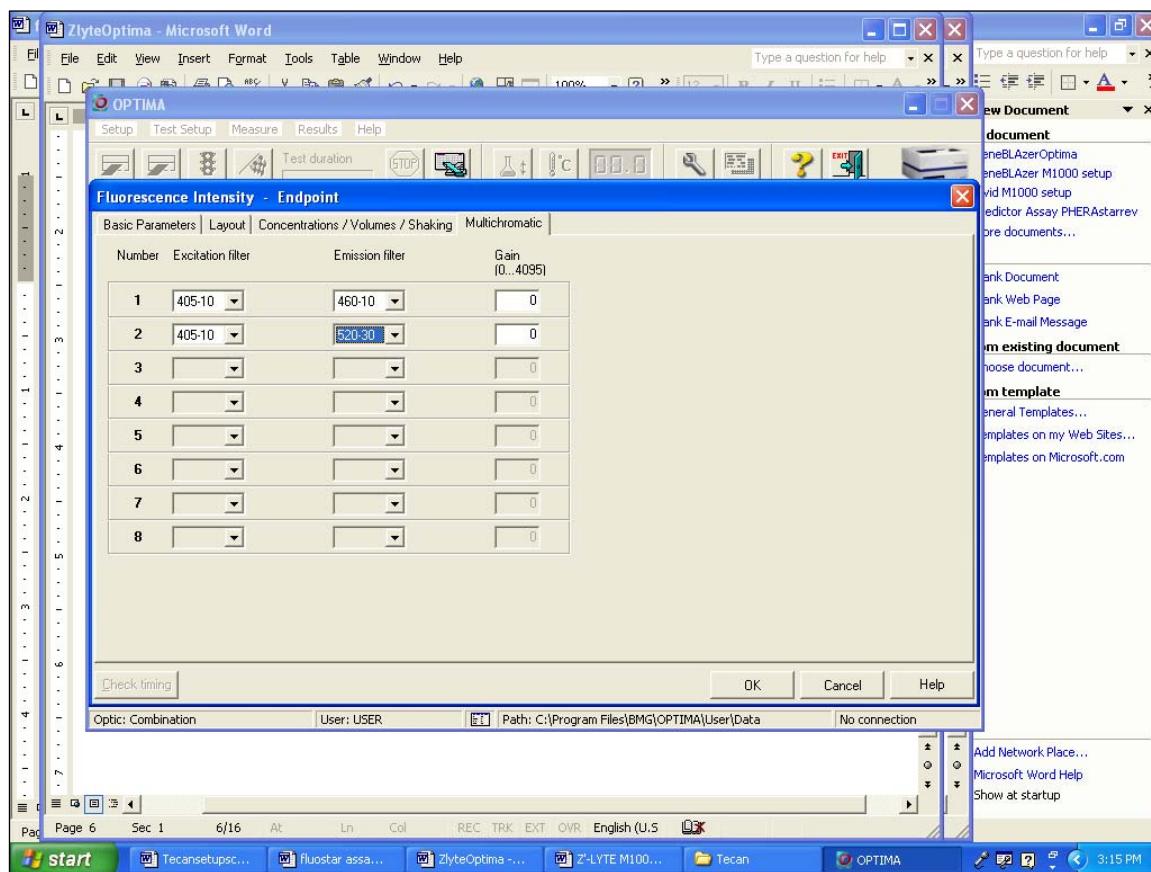
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5. A new Protocol window will open automatically. Enter a test name, select plate type, and select the Optic type. Next, set the number of flashes per well and set up the excitation and first emission filter from the drop-down tabs. Finally, under "Filter Settings", enter "2" for the No. of multichromatics. This will allow you to click on the small arrow beside the box.



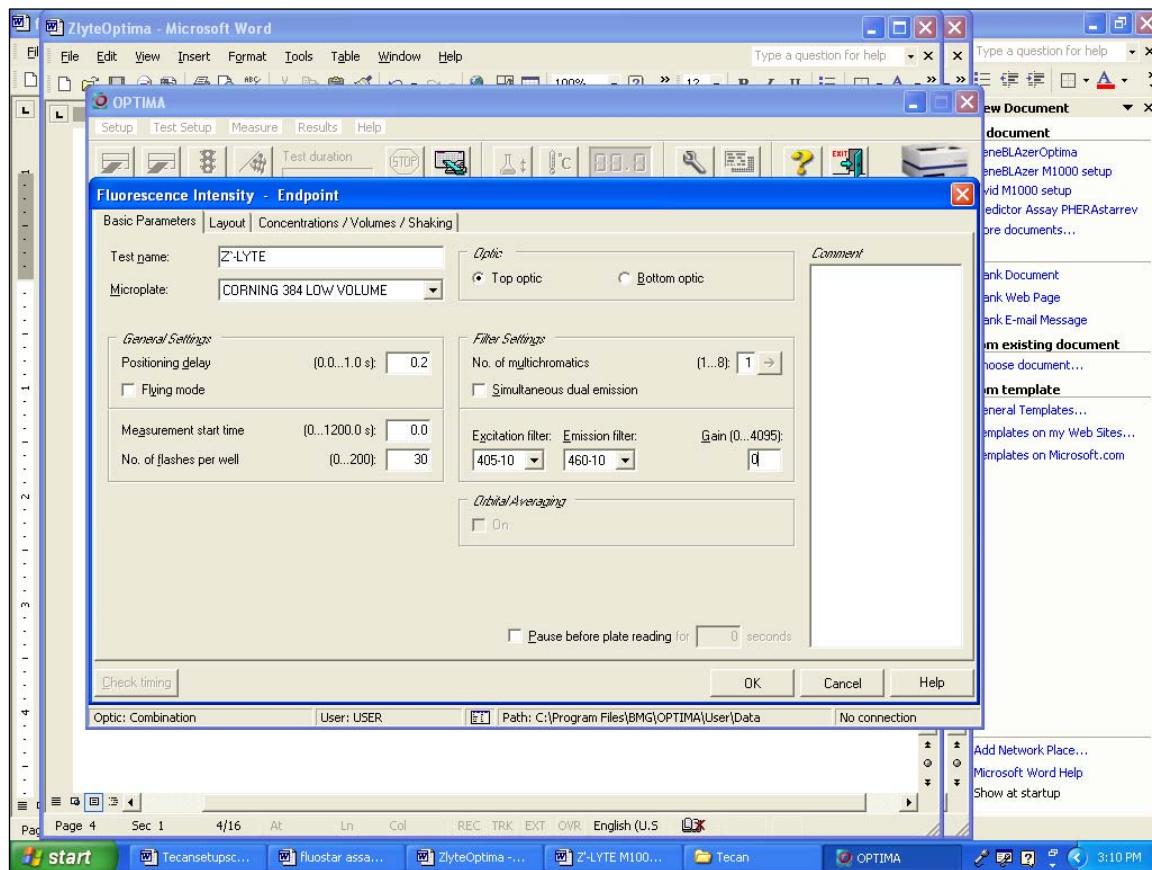
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6. Clicking the arrow mentioned in 5 will open another window--select your filters here as shown below, then click "OK" when finished.



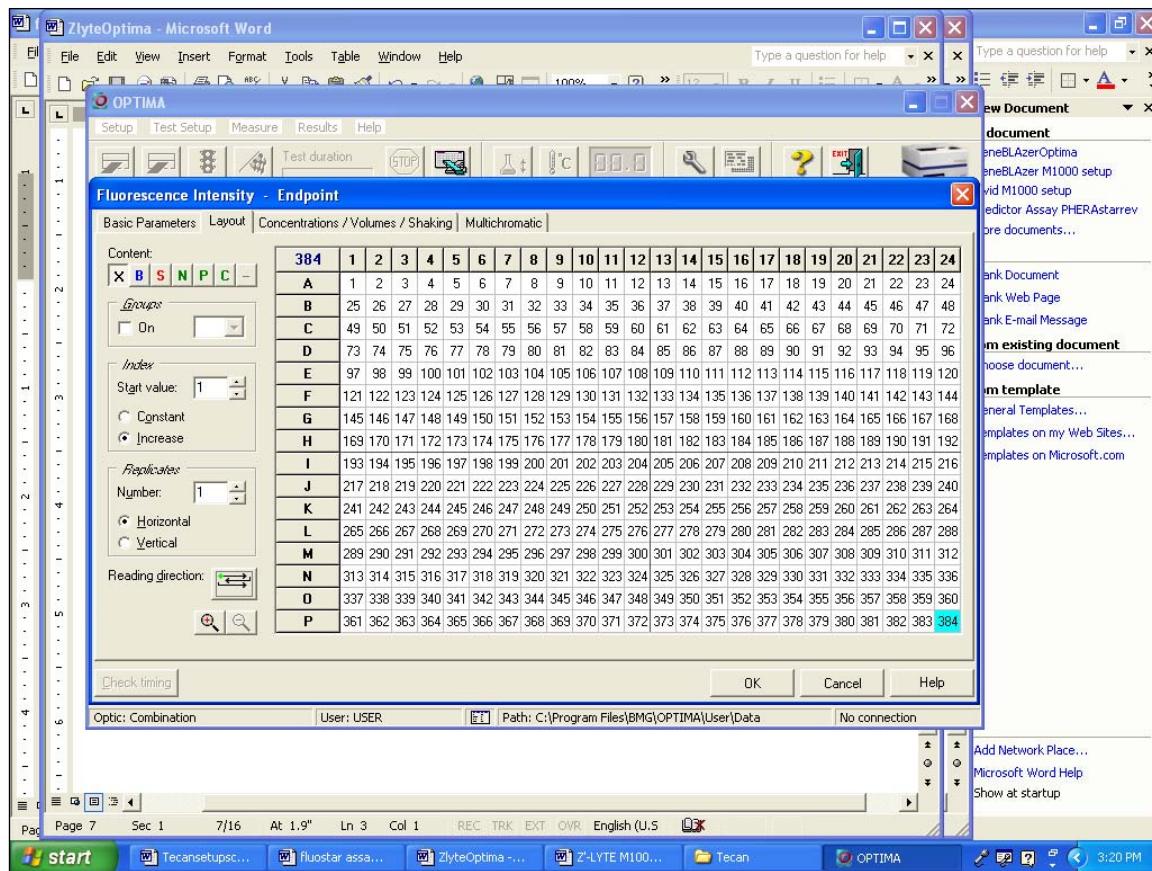
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7. You will return to the initial settings window. From the tabs along the top of this window, select "Layout".



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8. A new window will appear. Select the wells you wish to read by highlighting them. When finished, select "OK"



Have a question? Contact our Technical Support Team

NA: 800-955-6288 or INTL: 760-603-7200 Select option 3, ext. 40266 Email: [drugdiscoverytech@invitrogen.com](mailto:drugdiscoverytech@invitrogen.com)

### C. Z'-LYTE<sup>®</sup> Kinase Assay using JAK2 JH1/JH2 and JAK2 JH1/JH2 V617F

NOTE: The following is a sample assay performed for demonstration purposes. The section below describes how the data was obtained, and is not intended for use as an assay protocol. We recommend all first-time users follow the appropriate protocols and/or validation packets provided with their specific assay kits, and include all proper controls. The instrument settings above would be sufficient for any Z'-LYTE<sup>®</sup> assay, the information below is provided as representative data. Assay was run at ATP Kmapparent and a kinase concentration producing approximately 30-40% of maximal phosphorylation, as discussed in Section 9 and 10 of the Z'-LYTE<sup>®</sup> protocols. ATP and kinase concentrations should be optimized for each kinase by the actual user. Specific Z'-LYTE<sup>®</sup> assay protocols and setup information from Invitrogen's own in-house SelectScreen<sup>®</sup> Custom Profiling Z'-LYTE<sup>®</sup>-based kinase assay service can be located at the following link: <http://www.invitrogen.com/content.cfm?pageid=9866>.

1. Prepare initial 100X serial dilution curves in rows A and E of a 384-well plate: Dilute Staurosporine and JAK2 Inhibitor II to a 100X initial concentration in 100% DMSO (100  $\mu$ M). Prepare a set of 1:1 serial dilutions from the initial concentration in a 384-well plate, starting with 80  $\mu$ l in Column 1 and 40  $\mu$ l DMSO in wells 2-20. Add 40  $\mu$ l from well 1 to well 2, and then mix well 2, and take 40  $\mu$ l from well 2 and add to well 3, mix, and so on.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
Staur.	100X	A																						
	4X	B																						
		C																						
		D																						
		E																						
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**Figure 1: Schematic of initial compound dilution.** Staurosporine and JAK2 Inhibitor II were titrated from a 100  $\mu$ M starting concentration in the initial dilution series by preparing a 1:1 dilution curve in DMSO. A secondary dilution to 4X was then prepared in the rows below the initial dilution curve (lighter gray) using kinase buffer.

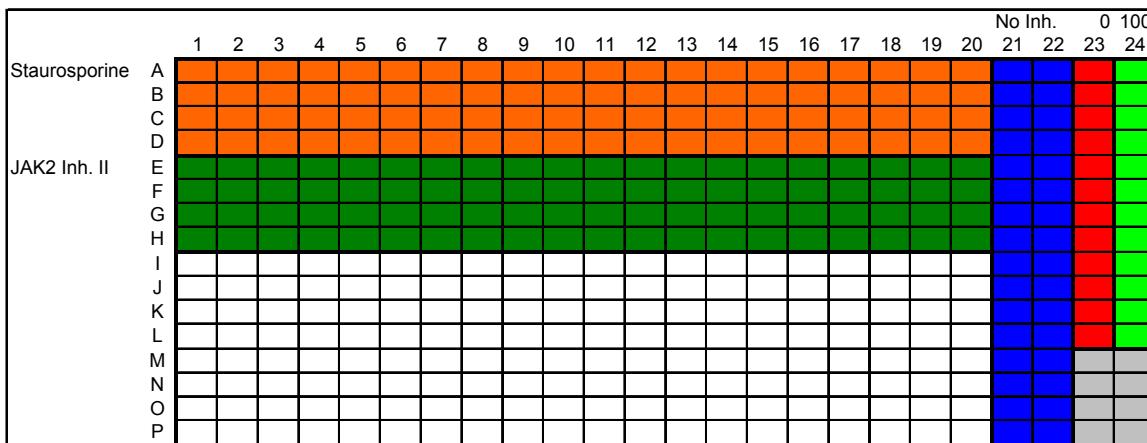
2. The 100X serial dilution set is then diluted to a 4X working concentration in Kinase Buffer (50 mM HEPES pH 7.5, 0.01% BRIJ-35, 10 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 1 mM EGTA) in the row below by adding 2  $\mu$ l of diluted inhibitor from the well above to

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48  $\mu$ L of kinase buffer. This will produce a final serial dilution starting at 4  $\mu$ M, which will then produce a final assay concentration starting at 1  $\mu$ M.

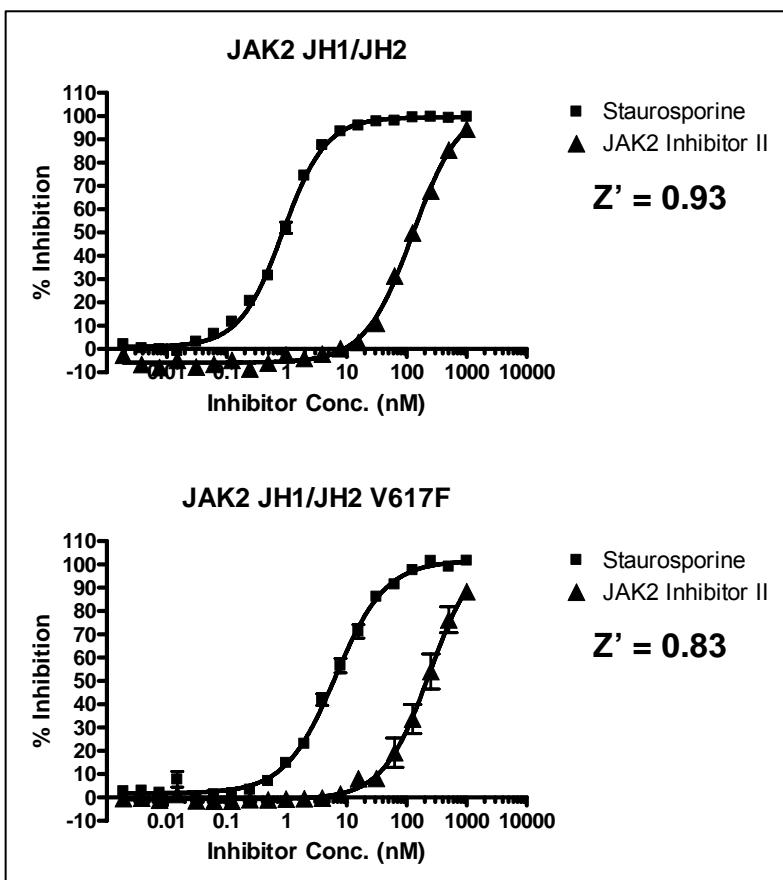
3. Begin to prepare an assay plate: Add 2.5  $\mu$ L of the compound dilutions per well into a low volume NBS, 384-well plate (Corning Cat. # 3676), in quadruplicate so rows A-D are staurosporine replicates, E-H are JAK2 Inhibitor 2 replicates, etc.
4. Add 2.5  $\mu$ L of kinase buffer alone to rows 21 and 22 (0% inhibition no compound control), 23 (0% phosphorylation control, no kinase added) and 24 (Phosphopeptide 100% phosphorylation positive control)
5. Add 5  $\mu$ L of the 2X Peptide/Kinase Mixture (2  $\mu$ M Tyr 06 peptide, 2600 ng/ml JAK2 JH1/JH2 or 1300 ng/ml JAK2 JH1/JH2 V617F, determined experimentally as outlined above) to Columns 1-22. DO NOT ADD TO COLUMN 23 OR 24. Add 5  $\mu$ L of 2  $\mu$ M substrate alone without kinase to Column 23, rows A-L (0% phosphorylation control) and 5  $\mu$ L of 2  $\mu$ M phosphopeptide control substrate to Column 24, rows A-L (100% phosphorylation control). Add 5  $\mu$ L kinase buffer alone to the remaining 8 wells (Columns 23 and 24, rows M-P) as a buffer-only reference.
6. Add 2.5  $\mu$ L of 4X ATP Solution (200  $\mu$ M) per well to all Columns to start reaction.
7. Shake assay plate on a plate shaker for 30 seconds.
8. Incubate assay plate for 60 minutes at room temperature.
9. Add 5  $\mu$ L of the Development Reagent Solution to each well. Use the lot-specific dilutions indicated on your CoA as dilution may vary based upon Z'-LYTE<sup>®</sup> peptide and Development Reagent A lot.
10. Shake plate again on a plate shaker for 30 seconds.
11. Incubate for 60 minutes at room temperature.
12. Read and analyze as directed in the protocol.

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**Figure 2: Assay Plate Schematic.** Compound titrations shown in Columns 1-20, Columns 21 and 22 prepared without any inhibitor as kinase activity controls, Column 23 prepared with no kinase (0% phosphorylation) and Column 24 prepared using phosphopeptide control (100% phosphorylation). Note 8 wells in gray in bottom right, which were prepared with out any inhibitor or substrates, as buffer controls.

## D. Results



**Figure 1: Z'-LYTE® Kinase Assay.** Z'-LYTE® assay performed using the BMG LABTECH OPTIMA.